# Wisconsin Irrigation

Scheduling Program

**WISP 2012** 

Wisconsin Section AWRA
Annual Meeting
March 13, 2014





### **WISP 2012**

□ Spatial variation in rainfall and differences in the soil water holding capacity around Wisconsin have resulted in reduced yields.



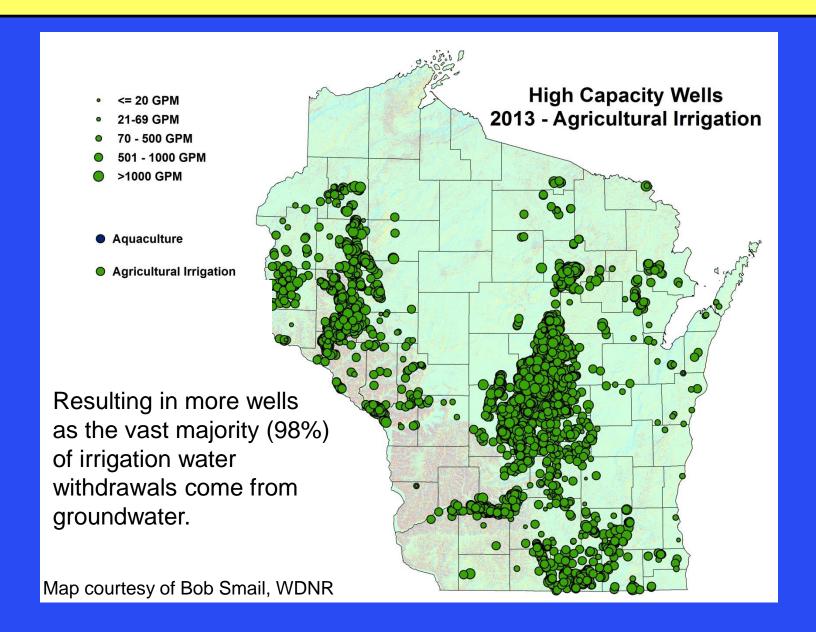
Photo by Eric Cooley



■ Which in-turn has resulted in the increased used of irrigation to maintain agricultural production.



## **WISP 2012**



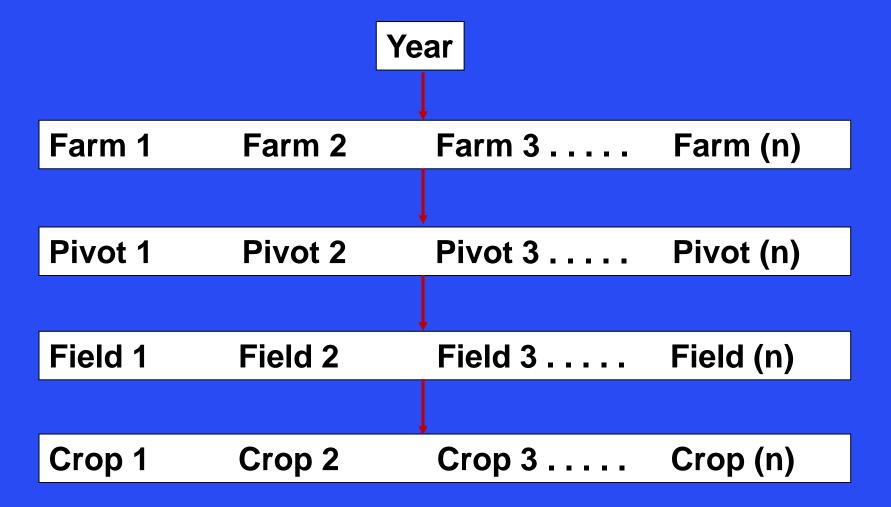
### The Wisconsin Irrigation Scheduling Program (WISP)

- ☐ Excess water application can result in nutrient and chemical leaching into groundwater and wasted pumping energy.
- □ The WI Irrigation Scheduling Program WISP 2012 can help growers better manage root zone mater content to protect groundwater and also save energy.





## WISP 2012 Hierarchy Structure



When starting a new year WISP retains Farms and Fields from the previous year

### **WISP 2012**

### - Introductory Screen -

#### WISP: Wisconsin Irrigation Scheduling Program 2012 Version 1.0.1

WISP Home
Farm Status
Pivots, Fields, and Crops
Field Status
Weather Stations
Multi-Edit Daily Data
User's Guide
Latest Info (updated 22 May 2013)

#### USER GUIDE

Wisconsin Irrigation



Scheduling Program

WISP 2012 Version 1.0.1

#### **WISP Home**



#### **About WISP**

The Wisconsin Irrigation Scheduling Program (WISP), is an irrigation water management tool developed by the Departments of Soil Science and Biological Systems Engineering at the Wisconsin-Madison. WISP is designed to help growers optimize crop water use efficiency by tracking the root zone water inputs and outputs (water balance).

Using WISP's water balance predictions, along with root zone soil moisture monitoring, a grower can plan irrigation timing and amount to take maximum advantage of natural rainfall while minimizing over-application of water resulting in leaching.

#### Organization

WISP accommodates multiple Farms, Pivots, Fields and Crops with a hierarchy:

- -- A farm can be any set of pivots the user chooses (e.g. common ownership, location or management).
- -- A pivot can have one or more fields growing different crops.
- -- A **field** is typically defined by a set of common physical or management characteristics (e.g., crop type, soil water holding capacity or irrigation management) assigned to a land area. Field characteristics can change from year to year and have multiple crops per year.
- -- For each succeeding crop on a field, you specify an emergence date, starting soil moisture, depth of the managed root zone, and AD fraction.

To simplify entering daily data which is the same for multiple fields, weather stations are provided. A weather station is associated with a pivot; daily data entered for the weather station (e.g., rainfall or irrigation) are automatically propagated to all the fields under that pivot.

#### **Getting Started**

Secure access to your WISP data is provided using a service called OpenID (OID). Google is the OID provider currently used by WISP, so you will need a Google account. When you start WISP you are directed to a login page where you enter your email address and password. That's all there is to it!

- -- Create a Google account if you don't already have one.
- -- Back on this WISP site, the Farm Status link in the navigation bar on the left side of the screen. Your login credentials will be requested, and you will be asked to approve their use for this site.
- -- Upon successful login, you will see the WISP farm screen
- -- When you first use WISP, a default farm, pivot, field, and crop are created for you, along with weather/irrigation records for the season. You can add more farms on the "Farm Status" page; pivots, the fields they serve, and crops in the field are managed from the "Pivots, Fields, and Crops" page.
- -- Click on the "Pivots" link in the navigation bar, and use the "Add Pivots" button to add pivots for the farm.
- -- All field information is required except "Notes".
- -- If you have multiple fields under a pivot for which you would like to combine data entry, create a weather station and use "Multi-Edit Daily Data" to enter data for it.

The User Guide provides additional model input and application guidance.

#### About WISP

Version: 1.0.0 Build Number: 296



## Setting Up Open ID



Sign in to personalize your Google experience.

Google has more to offer when you sign in to your Google Account.

Sign in on the right or create an account for free.



Gmail

Chat with friends and never miss an important email.



Personalized Search

Get more relevant results based on your past searches.



Like Google?

Make Google your homepage.

See more benefits of a Google Account.



Don't have a Google Account?

<u>Create an account now</u>

©2011 Google - Google Home - Terms of Service - Privacy Policy - Help

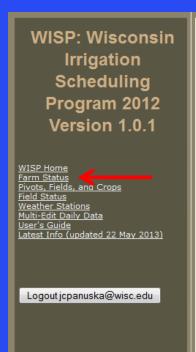


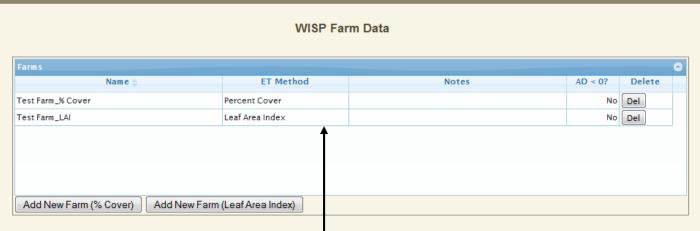
# Open ID for Login

Google accou	nts	
Create an Account		
If you already have a Google A	Account, you can <u>sign in here</u> .	
Required information for	or Google account	
Your current email address:	e.g. myname@example.com. This will be used to sign-in to your account.	
Choose a password:	Minimum of 8 characters in length.	Needed Information
Re-enter password:		
	✓ Stay signed in	
	▼ Enable Web History Learn More	
Location:	United States	
Birthday:	MM/DD/YYYY (e.g. "7/8/2011")	Not Needed Information
Word Verification:	Type the characters you see in the picture below.	



### WISP Farm Status Screen





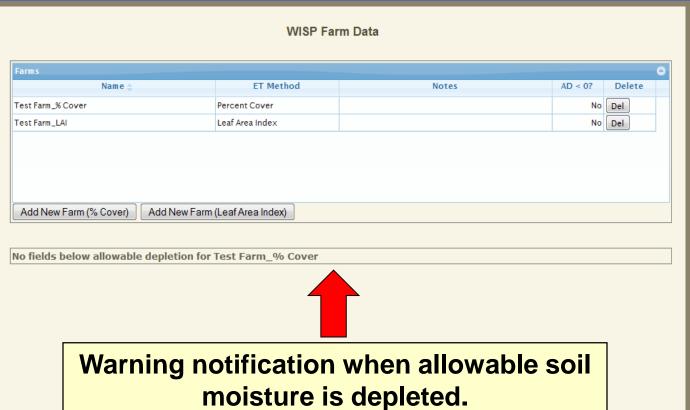
#### **WISP ET Methods**

- 1. User input measured percent canopy cover.
- 2. Automated estimated predicted Leaf Area Index (LAI).



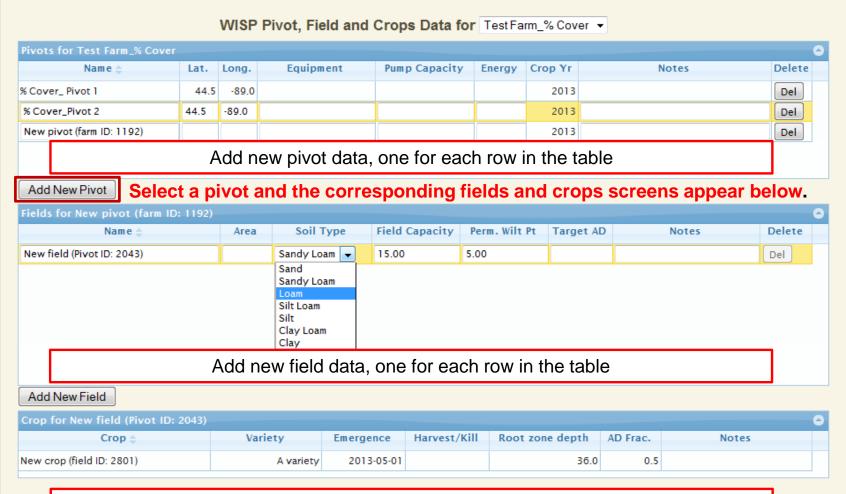
## WISP Farm Status Screen





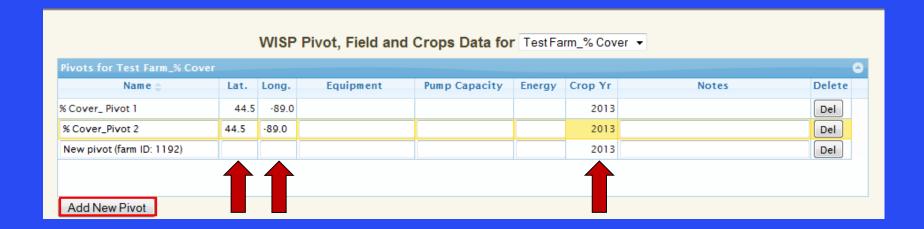


## The Pivot, Field and Crops Screen



Add crop data for a single crop directly into the table (no double cropping yet)

# Adding a Pivot

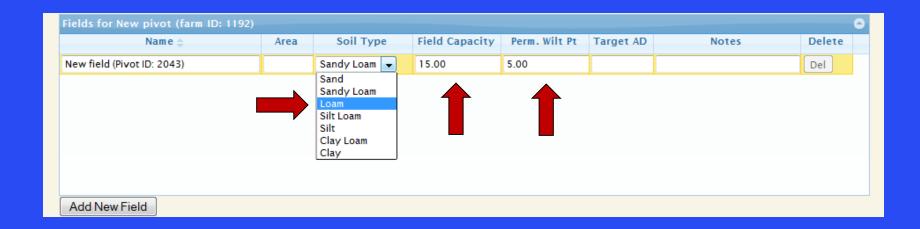


The longitude is negative for the Western Hemisphere.

WISP is currently set up for a single crop year only.



## Adding a Field



WISP contains texture-based default Fc and PWP values, however these can be easily overwritten by user-input values.

# Adding a Crop



The emergence date is the start of the growing season accounting period and is defined as the point when 50% of the crop has emerged.

Seasonal totals begin at this point and proceed to the end of the date range (Oct. 31).

WISP is currently configured for only single cropping.



# Adding a Crop



The emergence date is the start of the growing season accounting period and is defined as the point when 50% of the crop has emerged. Seasonal totals begin at this point.

The root zone depth must consider existing barriers to root penetration in the soil.

AD Fraction = Managed Allowable Depletion



### Field Status Screen

#### WISP Field Status

#### Field Data

Farm: Test Farm\_% Cover Pivot: % Cover\_Pivot 2 Field/soil: % Cover, Pv 1, Field 1 Crop: Sweet Corn A variety

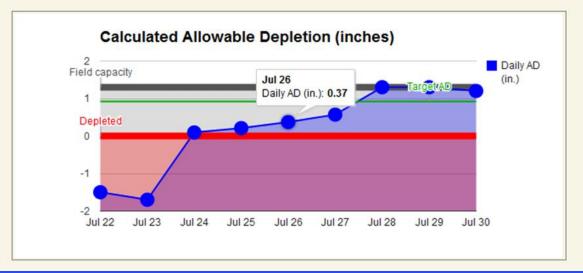
Root zone depth: 24.0 in Emergence Date: 05/01/13 AD at field capacity: 1.32 in. Initial soil moisture: 15 % Target 70 % (0.92 in.)

Update Target

Edit Observed Values Below								
Date 🛊	Poten. ET	Rainfall	Irrigation	% Moisture	% Cover	Adj. ET	AD	Deep Drainage
2013-07-22	0.23	0.00	0.00	3.17898	87	0.23	-1.52	
2013-07-23	0.21	0.00	0.00	2.30815	89	0.21	-1.73	
2013-07-24	0.18	2.00	0.00	9.89148	90	0.18	0.09	
2013-07-25	0.18	0.00	0.30	10.3915	92	0.18	0.21	
2013-07-26	0.14	0.00	0.30	11.0581	94	0.14	0.37	
2013-07-27	0.10	0.00	0.30	11.8915	95	0.10	0.57	
2013-07-28	0.11	1.00	0.60	15.0	97	0.11	1.32	0.74

#### Seasonal Totals 2013-05-01 to 2013-10-31

Report in CSV Format Rainfall: 11.90 in. Irrigation: 3.00 in. ET: 24.33 in. Drainage: 3.64 in.







Rainfall: 12.90 in.
Irrigation: 1.90 in.
ET: 25.63 in.
Drainage: 2.79 in.

Seasonal Totals

2013-05-01 to 2013-09-30

Report in CSV Format

Current Field Screen Information

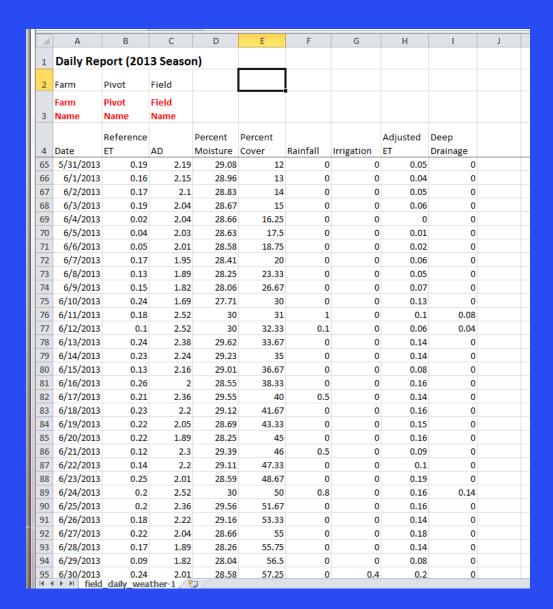
Can manually adjust target soil water content.

Running totals from season start to present day.

Archive daily water balance to CSV file



## WISP 2012 Archive Output Format



Output from the WISP 2012 data export utility.

Exported CSV file is easily imported into Excel.

The CSV file can be exported even after growing season completion



Date :	Poten. ET	Rainfall	Irrigation	% Moisture	% Cover	Adj. ET	AD	Deep Drainage
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2013-07-28	0.11	1.00	0.60	15.0	97	0.11	1.32	0.74

- User inputs overwrite all table values except Adjusted ET, AD and Deep Drainage, which are calculated.
- Potential ET is read automatically by default, but can overwritten by the user.



Date =	Poten. ET	Rainfall	Irrigation	% Moisture	% Cover	Adj. ET	AD	Deep Drainage
2013-07-22	0.23	0.00	0.00	3.17898	87	0.23	-1.52	
2013-07-23	0.21	0.00	0.00	2.30815	89	0.21	-1.73	
2013-07-24	0.18	2.00	0.00	9.89148	90	0.18	0.09	
2013-07-25	0.18	0.00	0.30	10.3915	92	0.18	0.21	



All user-input soil moisture is used from the time of entry forward.



The time series graph displays inches of Allowable Depletion (AD) and projects AD two days into the future.



## WISP 2012 Availability

So where do I find WISP 2012 ???

http://wisp.cals.wisc.edu/

UW – Madison College of Agriculture and Life Sciences server





